LIC San Diego	OIA-302 WORKSHEET: Calculation of Approval Intervals			
oc ban biego	NUMBER	DATE	PAGE	
INSTITUTIONAL REVIEW BOARD ADMINISTRATION	OIA-302	09/06/2023	1 of 2	

The purpose of this worksheet is to provide support for Office of IRB Administration (OIA) staff members who send communications after an IRB review in which the letter needs to include approval and expiration dates. This worksheet, or equivalent, describes how to calculate these dates. This worksheet, or equivalent, is to be used. It does not need to be completed or retained. TYPE OF REVIEW START APPROVAL DATE END APPROVAL DATE1 Convened IRB granted approval Date of convened IRB meeting Date of convened meeting plus the approval interval minus one day.² If no continuing review is Convened IRB required modifications to secure approval; subsequently verified by non-Date the OIA verified that the required nitial Review required, an END APPROVAL DATE will not be modifications had been made. committee review generated. START APPROVAL DATE plus the approval Date the designated reviewer granted Designated reviewer granted approval approval interval minus one day. 3 If no continuing review is Designated reviewer required modifications to secure approval; subsequently verified by Date the OIA verified that the required required, an END APPROVAL DATE will not be modifications had been made. generated. non-committee review Date of convened meeting plus the approval interval minus one day.4 If no continuing review is Convened IRB granted approval Date of convened IRB meeting required, an END APPROVAL DATE will not be generated. If the continuing review is approved within the 30 days immediately preceding the expiration date, the END APPROVAL DATE can be Convened IRB required modifications to secure approval; subsequently verified by non-The date the OIA verified that the maintained by adding the approval interval to the Continuing Review required modifications had been made. committee review expiration date in accordance with guidance on the maintenance of a fixed anniversary date.5 START APPROVAL DATE plus the approval interval minus one day.6 If no continuing review is Date the <u>designated reviewer</u> granted required, an END APPROVAL DATE will not be Designated reviewer granted approval approval generated. If the continuing review is approved within the 30 days immediately preceding the expiration date, the END APPROVAL DATE can be maintained by adding the approval interval to the Designated reviewer required modifications to secure approval; subsequently verified by Date the OIA verified that the required modifications had been made. expiration date in accordance with guidance on the non-committee review maintenance of a fixed anniversary date.7

-

¹ Last date that the protocol is approved. The expiration date is the day after this date, which is the first date that the protocol is no longer approved.

² For example, if the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for one year, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 + one year – one day = April 14, 2008. If the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for six months, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 - one day = October 14, 2007.

³ For example, if the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for one year, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 + one year – one day = April 14, 2008. If the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for six months, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 - one day = October 14, 2007.

⁴ For example, if the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for one year, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 + one year – one day = April 14, 2008. If the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for six months, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 + one day = October 14, 2007.

⁵ Continuing Review Guidance (2010) | HHS.gov. For example, if the current expiration date is April 15, 2007 and the study is renewed for one year by the convened IRB or a designated reviewer on March 23, 2007, the new expiration date would be April 15, 2008.

⁶ For example, if the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for one year, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 + one year – one day = April 14, 2008. If the convened IRB approved <u>research</u> on April 15, 2007 for six months, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007 for six months, the end date of the approval interval is April 15, 2007.

⁷ Continuing Review Guidance (2010) | HHS.gov. For example, if the current expiration date is April 15, 2007 and the study is renewed for one year by the convened IRB or a designated reviewer on March 23, 2007, the new expiration date would be April 15, 2008.

UC San Diego	OIA-302 WORKSHEET: Calculation of Approval Intervals			
INSTITUTIONAL REVIEW BOARD ADMINISTRATION	NUMBER	DATE	PAGE	
	OIA-302	09/06/2023	2 of 2	

Modifications	Convened IRB granted approval to modifications to previously approved <u>research</u>	Date of convened IRB meeting	Previous END APPROVAL DATE, ⁸ unless either 1) no continuing review is required and thus no END APPROVAL DATE is required or 2) continuing review was not previously required; however, the modification now requires the study to undergo continuing review. In scenario 2, calculate END APPROVAL DATE as the date of the convened meeting plus the approval interval minus one day.
	Convened IRB required modifications to secure approval of modifications to previously approved <u>research</u> ; subsequently verified by <u>non-committee review</u>	The date the OIA verified that the required modifications had been made.	
	<u>Designated reviewer</u> granted approval to modifications to previously approved <u>research</u>	Date the <u>designated reviewer</u> granted approval	Previous END APPROVAL DATE, unless either 1) no continuing review is required and thus no END APPROVAL DATE is required or 2) continuing review was not previously required; however, the modification now requires the study to undergo continuing review. In scenario 2, calculate END APPROVAL DATE as START APPROVAL DATE plus the approval interval minus one day.
	<u>Designated reviewer</u> required modifications to secure initial approval of modifications to previously approved <u>research</u> ; subsequently verified by <u>non-committee review</u>	Date the OIA verified that the required modifications had been made.	

⁸ For example, if the last date of the approval interval was April 14, 2008, and the convened IRB approved a modification on November 16, 2007, the end date of the approval interval remains April 14, 2008.

⁹ For example, if the last date of the approval interval was April 14, 2008, and the convened IRB approved a modification on November 16, 2007, the end date of the approval interval remains April 14, 2008.